## ADOPTING APPROPRIATE URBAN REGENERATION STRATEGY: A COMPARATIVE

## STUDY IN TEHRAN, IRAN

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Regeneration encompasses a wide range of strategies, which accelerate quality in a city or parts of it to continue its natural life process. Regeneration strategies range from firm actions such as complete destruction and reconstruction to less affirmative action such as renovation, which may include economic, socio-cutural as well as phrival dimensions.

In an action research project commissioned by the City to the authors, the districts of the City of Tehran with therendous districtions of the city of a tehran with there and the city of a tehran as the city of the city o

Greytainh Duincit was instantaneously developed with a homogenous background while Carze Draicht was overloped through a natural growth process with stong tools in the community and had a long history of sociocultural interactions with neighboring districts. The senses of community and piace attachment and as a result self-adeem was also higher in Chicas district. The research compared for the neighborhoods employing projem indicators and using APP evaluation technique to find the appropriate regeneration strategies.

Graystanh Dainic, considering the socio-clurat, economic and physical uncelance with adjacent districts, must be completely denoisible al reconstructed to reduce the adverse affects on the adjacent districts. While the Charz Datict could use a set of strategies of regeneration to be enhanced and regain its invaluable shaution within its urban setting. These include, physical improvements as well as socio-clurating and economic exponement of the community. The study concludes that the appropriate regineration strategies in substantian discriminations.